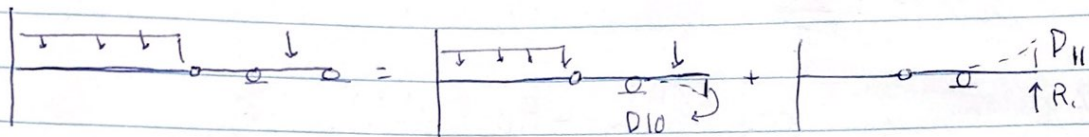
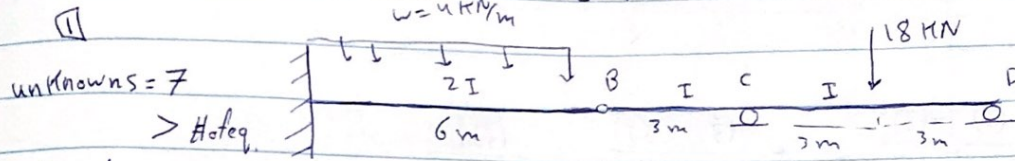


Assignment: Force method

Mohamad Moayad Shannak

1181401.

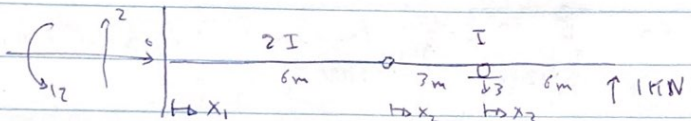


C. eq. : $0 = D_{10} + R_1 d_{11}$

Vertical def. of D

→ find D_{10}, d_{11}

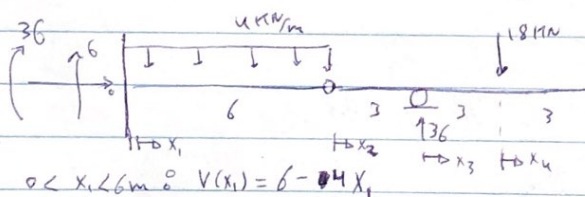
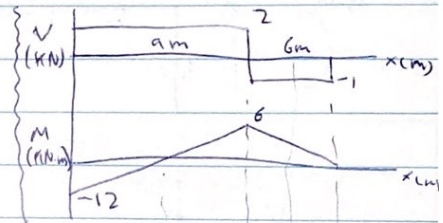
Primary virtual :



$0 < x_1 < 6m : m(x_1) = 2x_1 - 12$

$6 < x_2 < 9m : m(x_2) = 2x_2$

$9 < x_3 < 15m : m(x_3) = 6 - x_3$



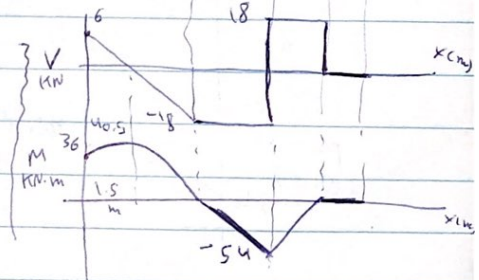
$0 < x_1 < 6m : V(x_1) = 36 - 4x_1$

$M(x_1) = 36x_1 - 2x_1^2$

$6 < x_2 < 9 : M(x_2) = -18x_2$

$9 < x_3 < 12 : M(x_3) = 18x_3$

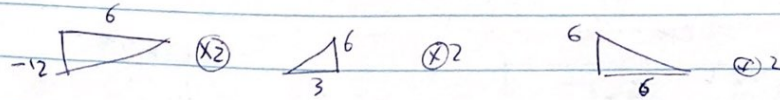
$12 < x_4 < 15 : M = 0$



$$1 \cdot D_{10} = \int_0^6 \frac{m(x_1)M(x_1)}{2EI} dx + \int_0^3 \frac{m(x_2)M(x_2)}{EI} dx + \int_0^3 \frac{m(x_3)M(x_3)}{EI} dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{EI} \left[\frac{-1296}{2} + \frac{-324}{1} + \frac{324}{1} \right] = \frac{-648}{EI}$$

$$I \cdot d_{11} = \int \frac{m_1^2}{2EI} + \int \frac{m^2}{EI}$$



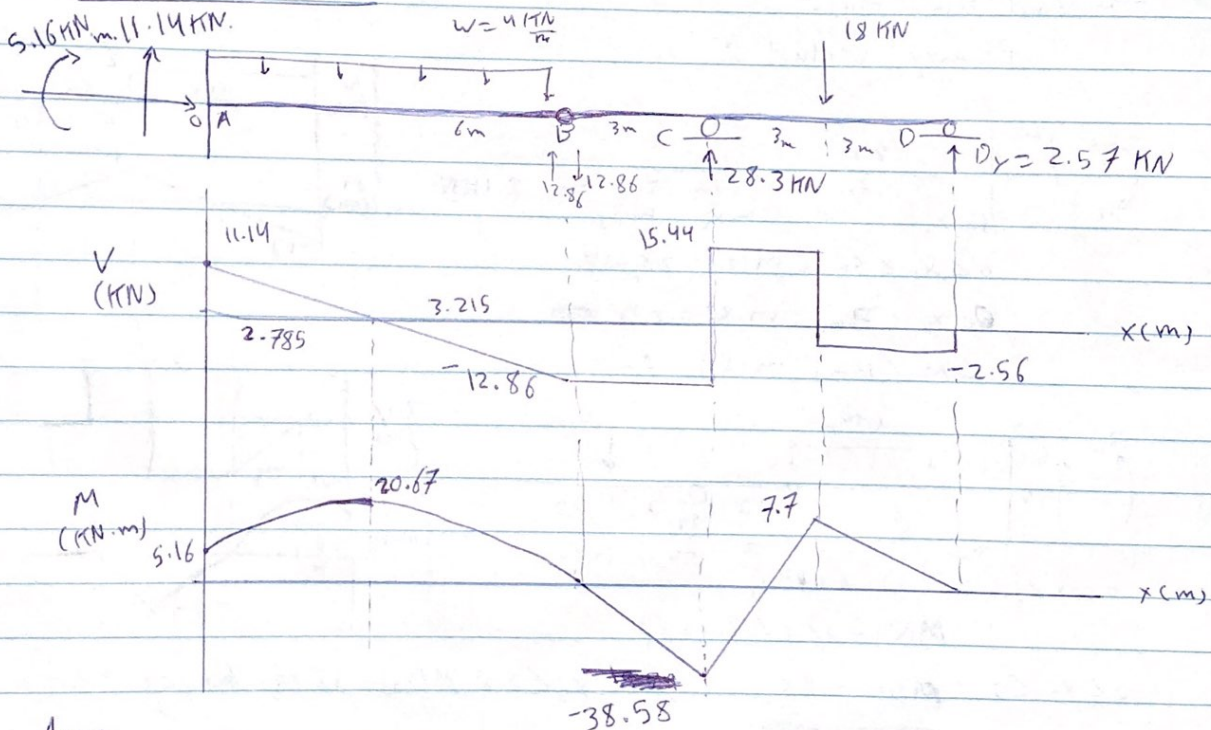
$$d_{11} = \frac{(6)(-12)^2}{3(2EI)} + \frac{(3)(6)^2}{3EI} + \frac{(6)^3}{3EI}$$

$$= \frac{252}{EI}$$

⊗ C. eq. ∴ $0 = \frac{-648}{EI} + R_1 \left(\frac{252}{EI} \right)$

$$\Rightarrow R_1 = 2.57 \text{ kN } \uparrow \Rightarrow D_y = 2.57 \text{ kN } \uparrow$$

Real structure ∴



$$A_x = 0$$

$$A_y = 11.14 \text{ kN } \uparrow$$

$$M_A = 5.16 \text{ kN}\cdot\text{m c.w.}$$

$$B_x = 0$$

$$B_y = 12.86 \text{ kN } (\uparrow \text{ for AB})$$

$$C_y = 28.3 \text{ kN } \uparrow$$

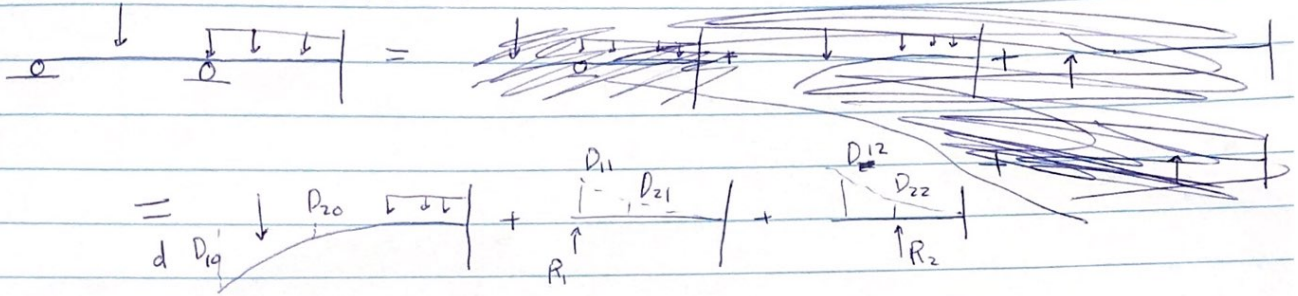
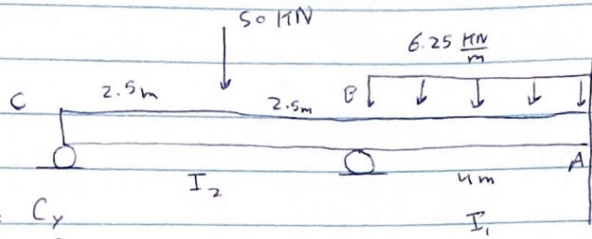
$$D_y = 2.57 \text{ kN } \uparrow$$

2

5 unknowns > 3 eq.s.
2 degree ind.

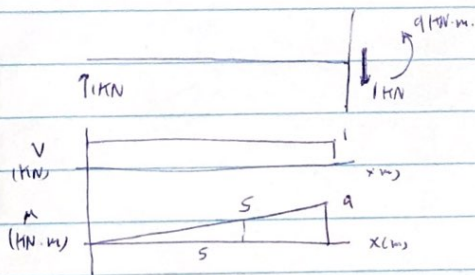
$$R_1 = C_y$$

$$R_2 = B_x$$



C. eq. at c: $0 = D_{10} + D_{11} + D_{12} = D_{10} + R_1 d_{11} + R_2 d_{12}$

C. eq. at B: $-0.01 = D_{20} + D_{21} + D_{22} = D_{20} + R_{1d_{21}} + R_2 d_{22}$

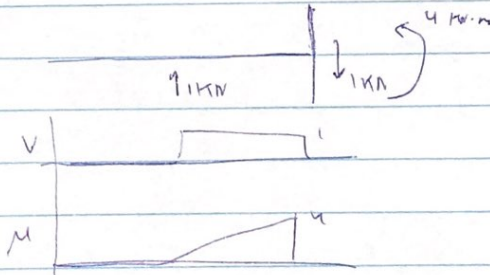


$$d_{11} = \frac{5^3}{3EI_2} + \frac{2 \cdot 0.1 \cdot 3}{EI_1}$$

~~$d_{11} = \frac{125}{3 \cdot 10^4} + \frac{0.6}{10^4}$~~

$$d_{11} = 0.0133 \text{ m}$$

$$d_{21} = \frac{6 \cdot 1.3}{EI_1} = 0.003553 \text{ m}$$



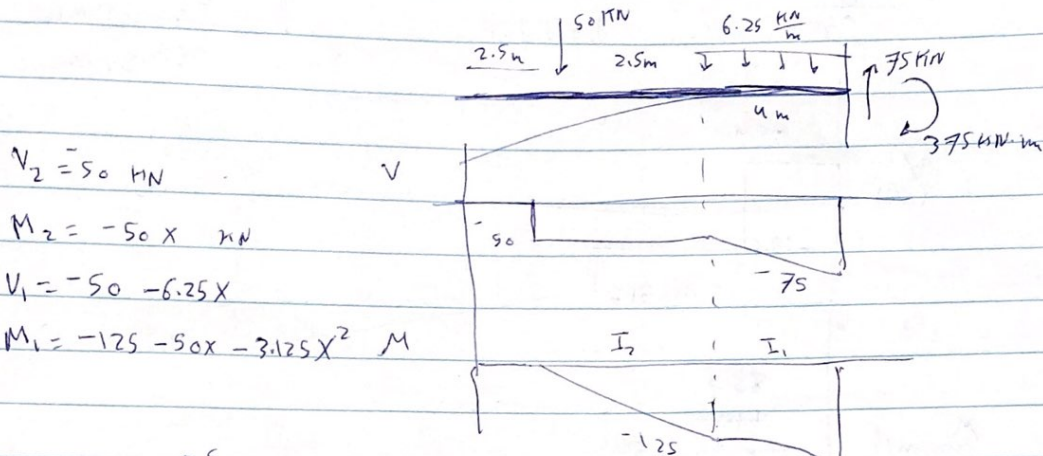
$$d_{22} = \frac{8}{EI_1}$$

~~$d_{22} = 0.0003089 \text{ m}$~~

$$d_{22} = 0.0004634 \text{ m}$$

$$d_{12} = 0.003553 \text{ m}$$

find D_{10} , D_{20}



$$V_2 = 50 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_2 = -50x \text{ kN}$$

$$V_1 = -50 - 6.25x$$

$$M_1 = -125 - 50x - 3.125x^2 \text{ kN}$$

$$1 \times D_{10} = \int_0^{2.5} \frac{m_2 M_2}{E I_2} dx + \int_{2.5}^4 \frac{m_1 M_1}{E I_1} dx - 375$$

$$= \frac{-651}{E I_2} + \frac{-7100}{E I_1} = -0.4364 \text{ m}$$

$$1 \times D_{20} = \int_0^4 \frac{m_1 M_1}{E I_1} dx \quad (m_2 = 0)$$

$$= \frac{-2266.7}{E I_1} = -0.1313 \text{ m}$$

C. eq. 5° $\rightarrow 0 = -0.4364 + R_1 (0.0133) + R_2 (0.003553)$

$\rightarrow -0.01 = -0.1313 + R_1 (0.003553) + R_2 (0.0004634)$

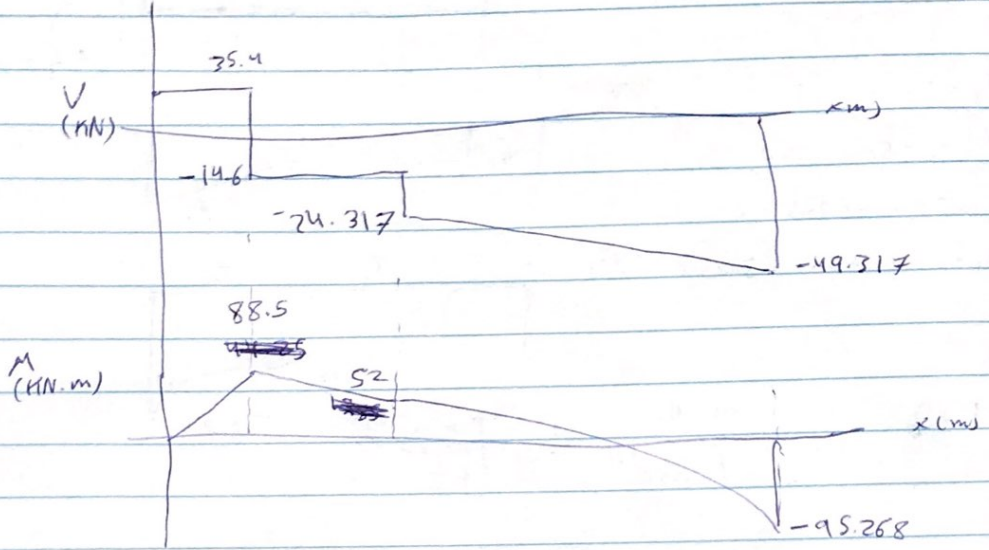
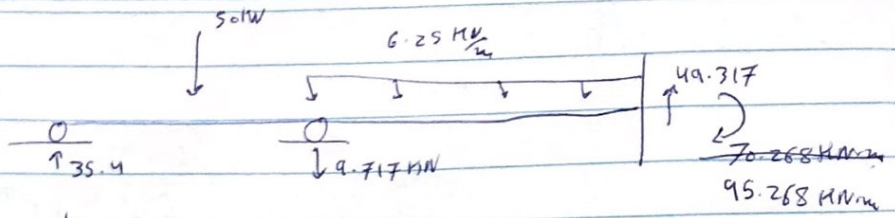
$\rightarrow 0 = -0.11658 + R_1 (0.003553) + R_2 (0.00094916)$

①
②

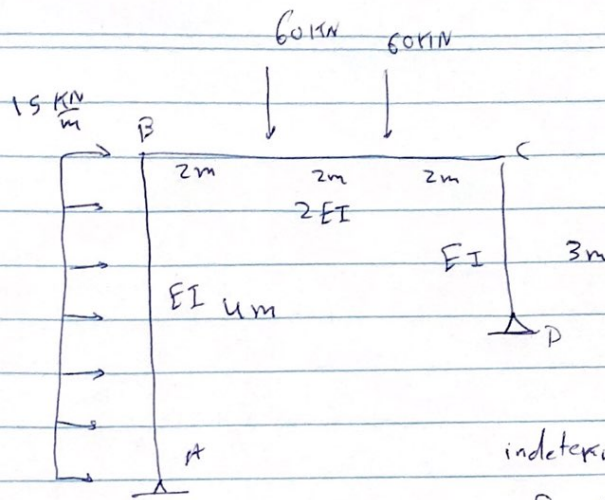
$\rightarrow 0.01 = 0.01472 + 0 + R_2 (0.0004857585714)$

~~$R_2 = -9.717 \text{ kN}$~~ $\rightarrow \boxed{B_y = 9.717 \text{ kN} \downarrow}$

$R_1 = 35.4 \text{ kN} \rightarrow \boxed{C_y = 35.4 \text{ kN} \uparrow}$

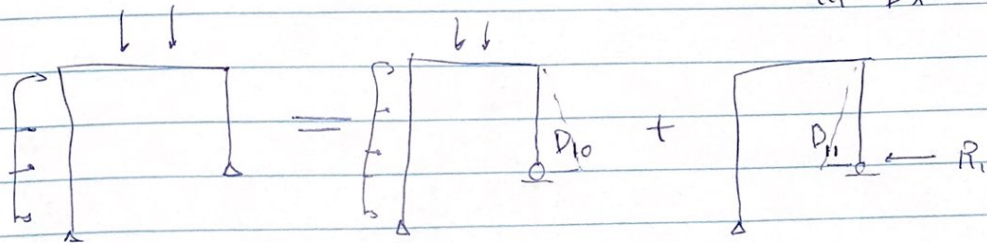


3



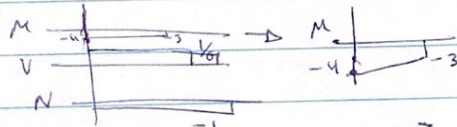
indeterminate 1st degree

$$R_1 = D_x$$

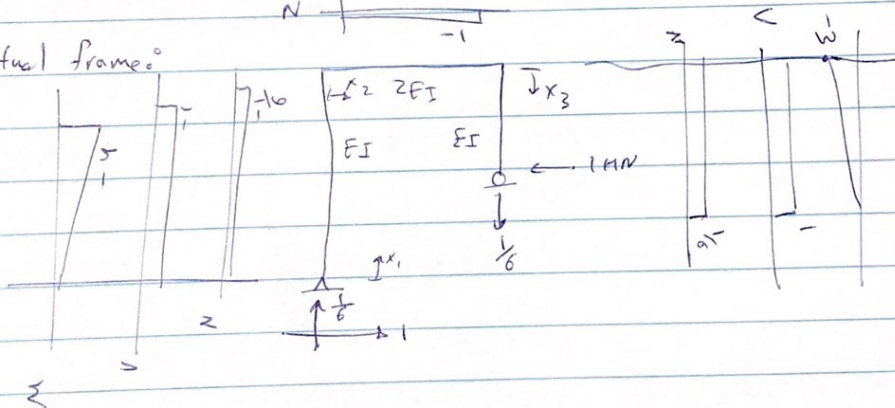


C. eq. $\delta = D_{10} + D_{11} = D_{10} + R_1 d_{11}$

Horizontal def. at D

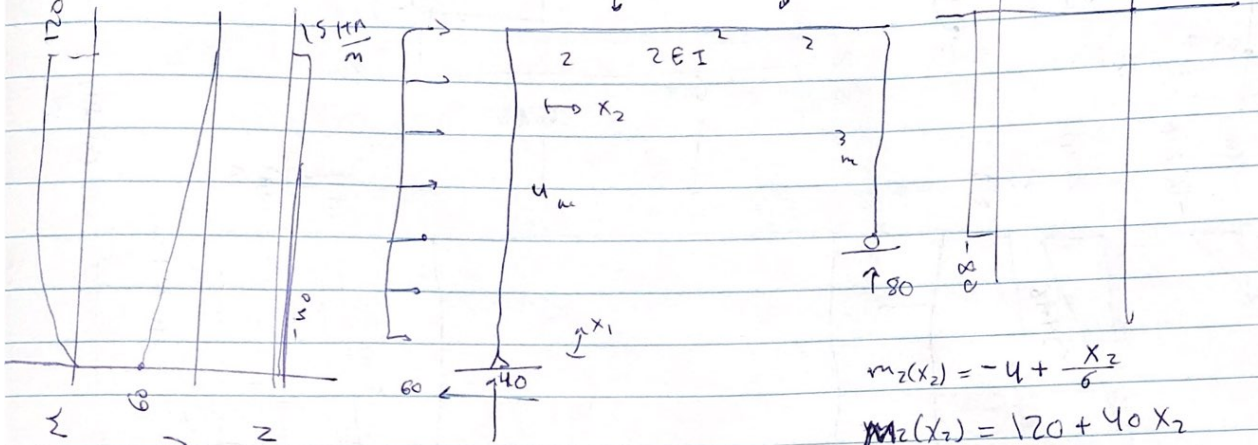
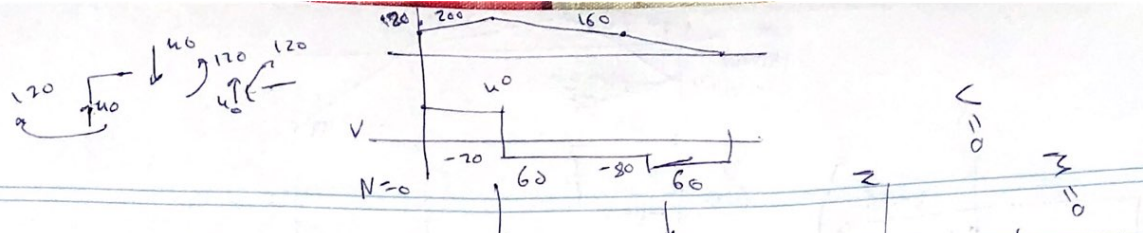


virtual frame:



$$1 \cdot d_{11} = \int \frac{m_1^2}{EI} + \int \frac{m_2^2}{2EI} + \int \frac{m_3^2}{EI}$$

$$d_{11} = \frac{21 \cdot 3}{EI} + \frac{37}{EI} + \frac{9}{EI} = \frac{67 \cdot 3}{EI}$$

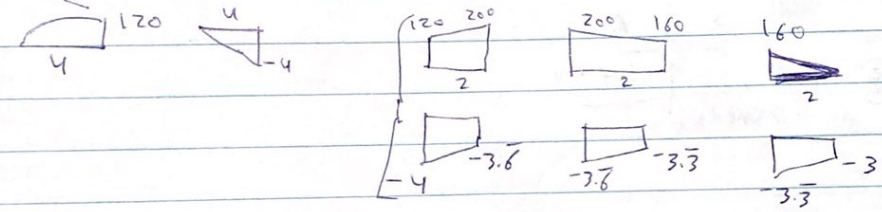


$$m_2(x_2) = -4 + \frac{x_2}{6}$$

$$M_2(x_2) = 120 + 40x_2$$

$$0 < x_2 < 2$$

$$1 \cdot D_{10} = \int_0^4 \frac{M_1 m_1}{EI} dx_1 + \int_0^6 \frac{m_2 M_2}{2EI} dx_2 + 0$$



$$D_{10} = \frac{-800}{EI} + \frac{1}{2EI} [-1222.2 - 1262.2 - 515.5]$$

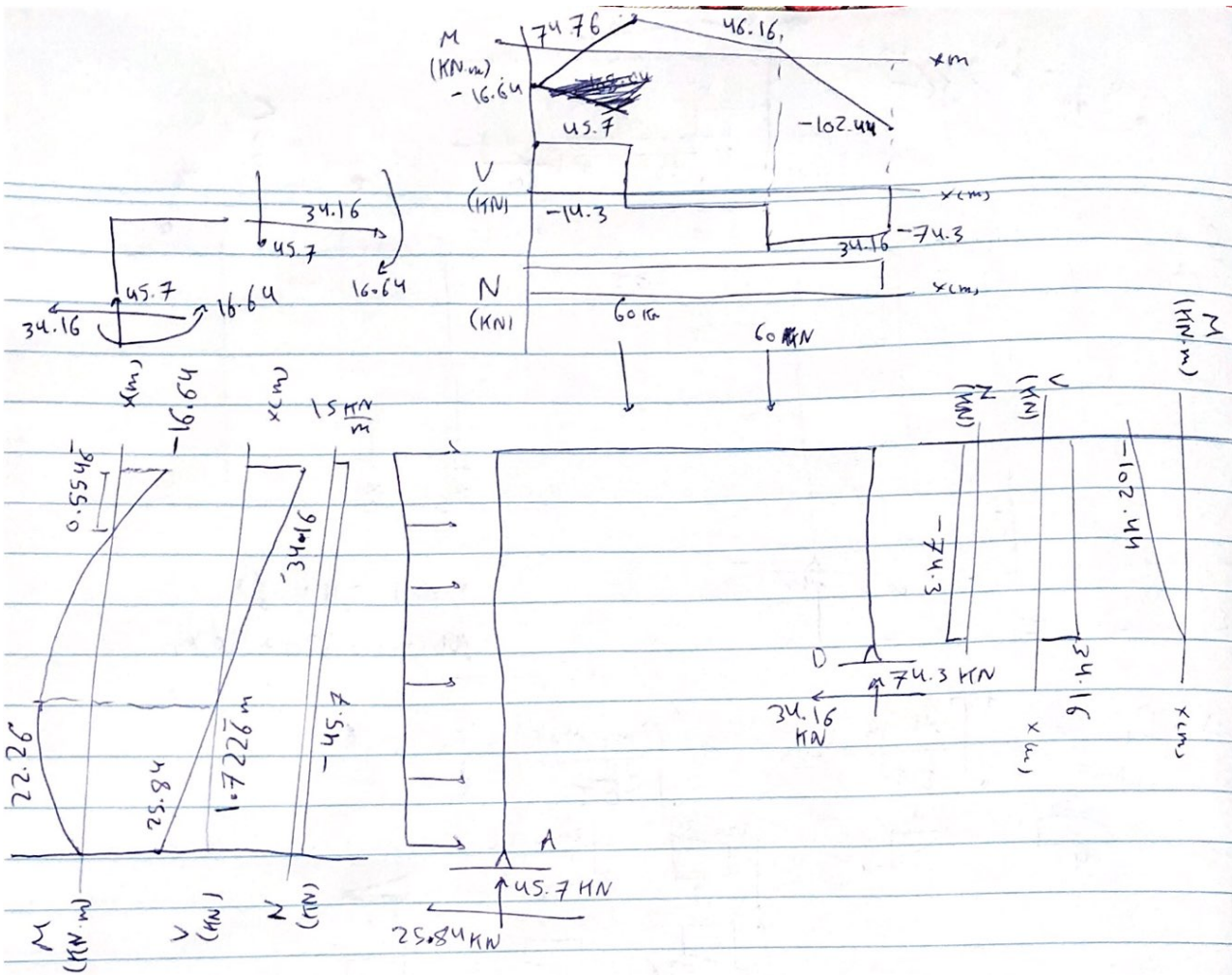
$$D_{10} = \frac{-2300}{EI}$$

C. eq. $0 = \frac{-2300}{EI} + R_1 \left(\frac{67.3}{EI} \right)$

$$R_1 = 34.16 \text{ kN} \rightarrow R_x = 34.16 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

$$A_x = 25.84 \text{ kN} \leftarrow \quad D_x = 34.16 \text{ kN} \leftarrow$$

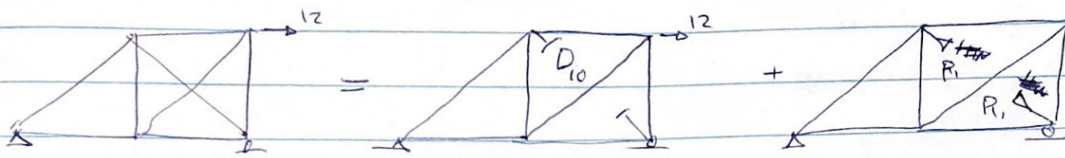
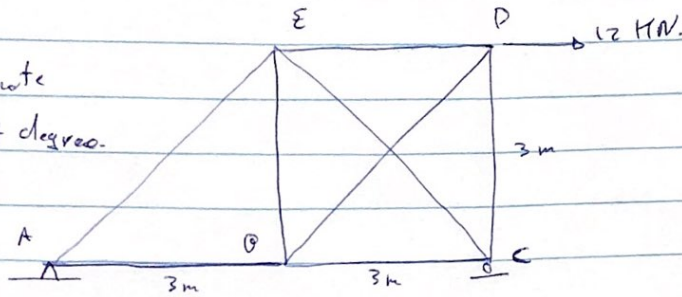
$$A_y = 45.7 \text{ kN} \uparrow \quad D_y = 74.3 \text{ kN} \uparrow$$



4) EA = constant.

externally determinate
int. indeter. 1st degree.

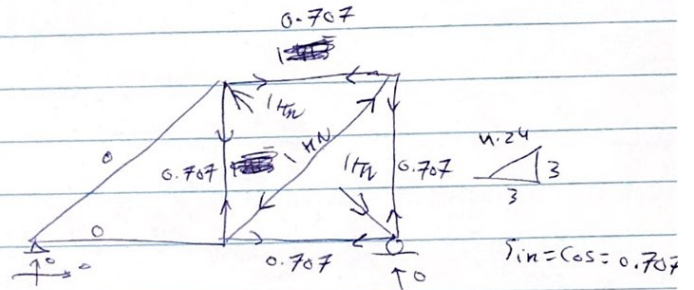
$R_1 = CE$



Virtual truss:

C. eq
for relative d.s.p. $\delta = D_{10} + D_{11}$
at cut edges $\delta = D_{10} + R_1 d_{11}$
of member (CE)

$$0 = \sum \frac{nNL}{EA} + \left(\sum \frac{Ln^2}{EA} \right) R_1$$

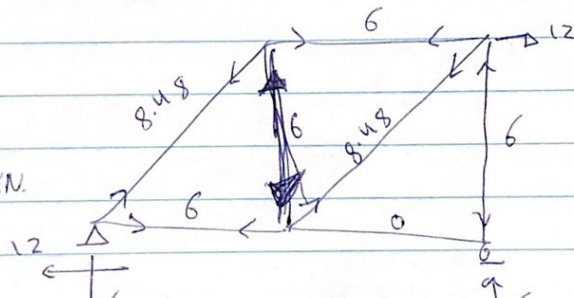


$$0 = \sum nNL + \left(\sum Ln^2 \right) R_1$$

$$R_1 = \frac{-\sum nNL}{\sum Ln^2}$$

$$R_1 = 5.57 \text{ kN} \rightarrow F_{CE} = -5.57 \text{ kN}$$

Primary:



$$F_{ab} = N_{ab} + R_1 (n_1)_{ab}$$

$$F_{ab} = 6 + 0 = 6 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{bc} = 0 + 3.94 = 3.94 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{AE} = 8.48 + 0 = 8.48 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{BE} = -6 + 4 = -2 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{BD} = 8.48 + (-5.57) = 2.91 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{CD} = -6 + 4 = -2 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{ED} = 6 + 4 = 10 \text{ kN}$$

	n (kN)	N (kN)	L (m)	nNL	n ² L
BE	0.707	-6	3		
BD	-1	8.48	4.24		
ED	0.707	6	3		
CD	0.707	-6	3		
			$\sum nNL$	-48.6812	$\sum n^2L$
					= 8.74